Anxiety

Jade Sievewright & Lauren Tiffany



What is Anxiety?

What is it?

What are the symptoms?

What are the different types? (Clue: there are 7 main types and a possible 8th for young people)



What is Anxiety?

Anxiety is a feeling of unease, such as worry or fear, that can be mild or severe.

Anxiety usually comes in 7 different forms:

- Generalised Anxiety Disorder (GAD) a person worries about many things. Someone with generalized anxiety may worry excessively about school, the health or safety of family members, and the future. They may always think of the worst that could happen.
- Phobias These are intense fears of specific situations or things that are not actually dangerous, such as heights, dogs, or flying in an airplane. Phobias usually cause people to avoid the things they are afraid of.
- Social Anxiety This intense anxiety is triggered by social situations or speaking in front of others. An extreme form called selective mutism causes some kids and teens to be too fearful to talk at all in certain situations.

(NHS 2016)



What is Anxiety?

- Post traumatic stress disorder (PTSD) a type of anxiety which comes from a traumatic or terrifying past experience. Symptoms include flashbacks, nightmares, or constant fear.
- Obsessive compulsive disorder (OCD) For a person with OCD, anxiety takes the form of obsessions (bad thoughts) and compulsions (actions that try to relieve anxiety).
- Health anxiety (sometimes called hypochondria) when you spend so much time worrying you're ill, or about getting ill, that it starts to take over your life.
- Panic Disorder an anxiety disorder where you regularly have sudden attacks of panic or fear.
 Someone with panic disorder, feelings of anxiety, stress and panic occur regularly and at any time, often for no apparent reason.
 - (NHS 2016)
- Separation Anxiety- is an eighth form of anxiety that may be prevalent in young people who struggle to be away from parents or environments such as home.



What is anxiety?

Signs to look out for in your child are:

- a churning feeling in your stomach
- feeling light-headed or dizzy
- pins and needles
- feeling restless or unable to sit still
- headaches, backache or other aches and pains
- faster breathing
- a fast, thumping or irregular heartbeat
- sweating or hot flushes
- problems sleeping
- grinding your teeth, especially at night
- nausea (feeling sick)
- needing the toilet more or less often
- Having panic attacks.
- MindSpace®

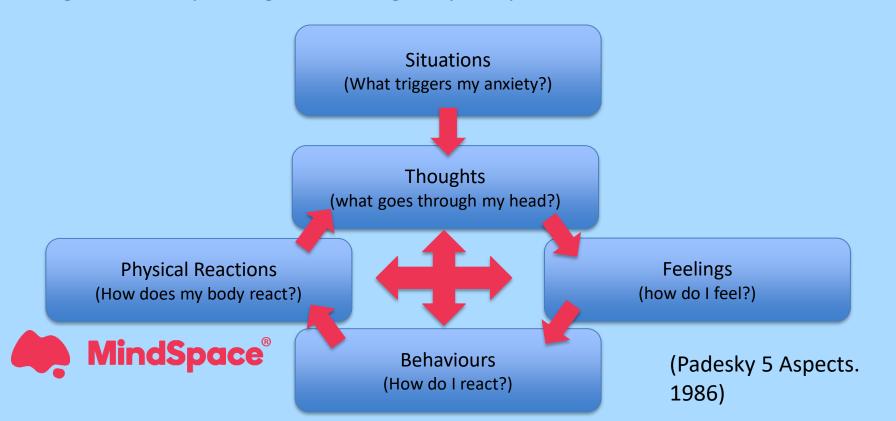
- Feeling tense, nervous or unable to relax
- Having a sense of dread, or fearing the worst
- Rumination thinking a lot about bad experiences, or thinking over a situation again and again

(Mind 2016)

Understanding Anxiety

The first step to managing anxiety is helping the young person become more self-aware. Using aspects of CBT (Cognitive Behavioural Therapy) you can create an Anxiety Map to help young people explore their anxieties so that they can make effective changes.

Encourage them to keep a thoughts and feelings diary if they are unsure where to start.



Promoting Positive Mental Health

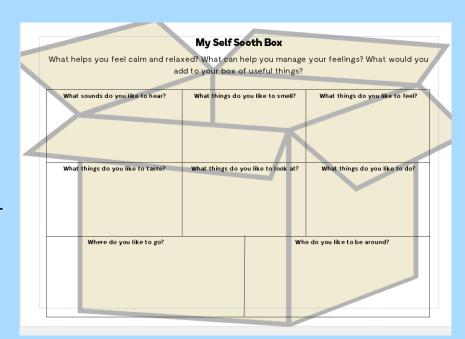
- Sleep Create a healthy sleep routine. Adolescents should have around 8-10 hours of sleep a night.
- Diet A balanced diet can help lift mood and increase energy levels.
- Exercise Regular physical activity is associated with lower rates of depression and anxiety across all age groups.
- Hydration drinking water can help fight fatigue and increase concentration.
- Relaxation make time to destress from the day and have some quality 'you' time.
- Communicate talk to someone about your thoughts and feelings. This can relieve negative emotions and create a positive support system.



What can help?

Encourage the young person to create a self-sooth plan/box.

- Explore the different senses, support systems and environments that help them feel more relaxed and calm.
- Create a toolkit with the different things discussed that is easily accessible (consider which things can be used where e.g. at school, at home)





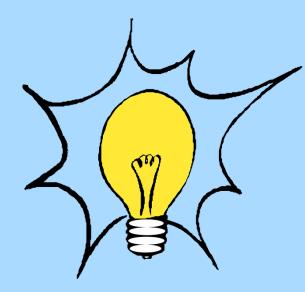
What can help?



Glitter Jars



Relaxation/meditation



Positive self-reflection



What can help?



Challenging Negative Thoughts



Problem Solving



Exposure



Helpful Links and Apps

- Mindshift CBT app
- ClearFear app
- Fear tools app
- Calm app
- What's up app
- Relax Melodies app
- Mood Tracker app
- Young Minds website
- Moodjuice website

